Case 543

Eurorad ••

Blunt traumatic sternal and chondrosternal fractures

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DOI: 10.1594/EURORAD/CASE.543 ISSN: 1563-4086 Section: Chest imaging Imaging Technique: CT Case Type: Clinical Cases Authors: M. Wintermark, P. Schnyder Patient: 64 years, male

Clinical History:

Head-on car crash Imaging Findings:

Belted 64-year-old male driver involved in a head-on car accident **Discussion:**

Fractures of the sternum are encountered in up to 4% of blunt chest trauma patients, as part of steering-wheel or seatbelt syndromes. Most often tranverse, they may involve the sternal body (70%) or the manubrio-sternal joint (18%). Dislocation of rib cartilages from the sternum are sometimes met, especially in children. When sternal fractures are associated with costo-chondral dislocations or rib fractures, they may lead to an anterior or lateral flail chest.

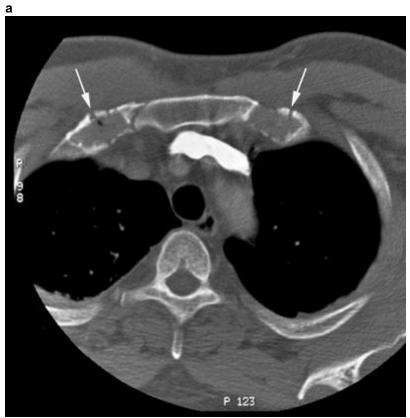
Differential Diagnosis List: Blunt traumatic sternal and chondrosternal fractures as part of a seatbelt syndrome

Final Diagnosis: Blunt traumatic sternal and chondrosternal fractures as part of a seatbelt syndrome

References:

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J Radiol. 1993 Aug-Sep;74(8-9):409-12. French. (PMID: <u>8410773</u>)
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Wintermark M, Schnyder P
Trauma of the chest wall. In Schnyder P, Wintermark M. Radiology of blunt trauma of the chest. Springer, Berlin Heidelberg New York, pp 9-27 (2000).

Figure 1



Description: Spiral CT section (3-mm) depicts fractures of the calcified first rib cartilages (white arrows) (From Wintermark M, Schnyder P (2000) Trauma of the chest wall. In Schnyder P, Wintermark M. Radiology of blunt trauma of the chest. Springer, Berlin Heidelberg New York, pp 9-27)**Origin:**



Description: Spiral CT section (3-mm) displays a comminutive fracture of the sternal body (black arrow), which is responsible for an anterior hemomediastinum (From Wintermark M, Schnyder P (2000) Trauma of the chest wall. In Schnyder P, Wintermark M. Radiology of blunt trauma of the chest. Springer, Berlin Heidelberg New York, pp 9-27) **Origin:**